

Role of the S&R Section

The Stabilization & Recovery Section (S&R) supports to the Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General (DSRSG), Resident Coordinator (RC) and Humanitarian Coordinator (HC) in her responsibilities to lead the United Nations' contribution to Mali's reconstruction efforts.

S&R promotes synergies between MINUSMA, the UN Country Team and other international partners, in favour of communities most affected by the conflict, particularly in the north and center of Mali.

Through this monthly bulletin, we provide regular updates on stabilization & recovery developments and activities in the north of Mali. The targeted audience is the section's main partners including MINUSMA military and civilian components, UNCT and international partners.

For more information:

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*Thanks to all partners
Implementing partners, National Institutions, Civil Society,
International Donors, Sponsoring MINUSMA components.
All committed to an indivisible Mali!*

- Government and Donors discuss the PSIRC implementation
- Mopti: Integrated UN Mission in Bankass
- Trust Fund: new contributions of Italy and Denmark
- Timbuktu: socio-economic integration of 110 women and girls in Ber (QIP)
- Kidal: rehabilitation and equipment of Etambar CSCOM (QIP)
- More projects launched in northern regions

Main Figures

Quick Impact Projects (QIPs): 222 projects completed and 102 under implementation over a budget of 11.9 million USD (324 projects in total since 2013)

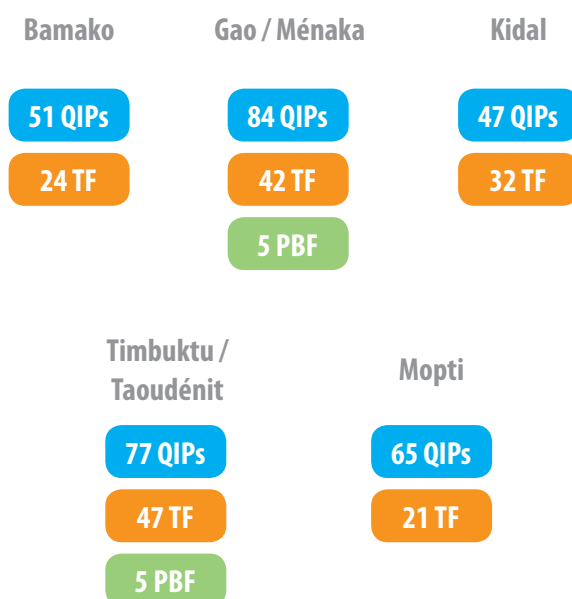
Peacebuilding Fund (PBF): 5 projects started in 2015 over 18 months for a **total budget of 12,106,353 USD** (3 projects extended)

Trust Fund (TF): 44 projects completed and 49 projects under implementation out of **93 projects approved for a cost of 24,978,258 USD** over a **budget of 31,330,367 USD** (contributions from Australia, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom and UN DOCO)

Global overview since 2013

Number of projects by region

On 30 June 2017



Sectors

QIPs Quick Impact Projects

Security / Justice / Public Infrastructures / Agriculture / Health / Public Information / Education / Water / Handicraft / Culture / Sports / Conflict Management / Waste Management / Human Rights

TF Trust Fund

Peace Talks / Elections / Outreach / Gender / DDR / Cantonment / Rule of Law and Justice / Return of State Authority / SSR / Security / Electricity / Water & Sanitation / Social Cohesion

PBF Peacebuilding Fund

Education / Socio-economic Support / Reintegration of IDPs / Justice / Cantonment

Donor Coordination and Partnerships

1. On 13 June, donors attended a meeting at the Ministry of Security and Civil Protection (MSPC) on the implementation of the Integrated Security Plan for Central Mali (PSIRC).

This meeting was attended by the Minister of Solidarity and Humanitarian Action, the Minister of the Digital Economy and Communication and the Governors of the Mopti and Ségou regions. On this occasion, a presentation of the PSIRC implementation was made by the MSPC. Donors were requested to support the implementation of the plan that will focus on 3 *cercles* of the two regions of Ségou and Mopti. It was also an opportunity for the MSPC to remind the Governors of the central role they have on the execution of the plan in the framework of the regional Commissions appointed for this purpose. The Minister of Security requested the donor community to coordinate with the two regional Governors to effectively support the work of the PSIRC Implementation Commissions and to better coordinate the interventions. Donors provided information on their programs and projects in the two regions. Both present Ministers confirmed the commitment of their Ministries in support of the plan. MINUSMA reiterated its support with its funds and different components under the lead of the Regional Office of Mopti, stressing a good cooperation in place with the Governor.

2. On 15 June, under the co-chairmanship of MINUSMA and France, took place the meeting of the **Commission de Réhabilitation des Zones Post-Conflict (CRZPC) in its PTF/NGO format**. This was the occasion for the *Ministère de la Réconciliation Nationale* to present its new strategy for the *Mission d'Appui à la Réconciliation Nationale (MARN)*. MARN will be executed in all regions of the country, starting with those in the north. It is envisaged to map the interventions of the different actors in support of national reconciliation.

The partners discussed as well the Humanitarian-Development Nexus, a new way of coordinating interventions focused on synergies between humanitarian assistance and development. The CRZPC is envisaged to be instrumental to lead the Nexus on the side of donors.

3. The meeting between the new Prime Minister and members of the extended Troika

took place on May 26 at the *Primature*. In follow-up on the *Conférence d'Entente Nationale (CEN)*, two specific commissions are tasked to put the CEN charter into effect and produce a cartography of distinctive lands of Mali (*terroirs*). Regarding the electoral process and due to the ongoing situation with the late installation of the Interim Authorities, the local elections (at *cercle* level) have been postponed to end October 2017 and the regional elections to end November 2017. The constitutional referendum has been maintained on 9 July 2017.

As for the security situation in central regions of Mali and its impact on the delivery of basic social services, the Government is deploying considerable efforts within the *Plan de Sécurisation Intégré des Régions du Centre (PSIRC)* to restore security rapidly. As the implementation of the PSIRC proves difficult, partners are committed to enhance coordination and support to this Plan.

4. On 21 and 22 June, MINUSMA took part to the annual review of the National Strategic Framework for the Economic Revitalization and Sustainable Development of Mali 2016-2018

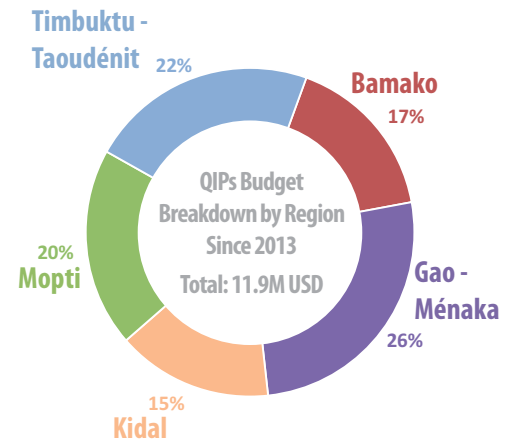
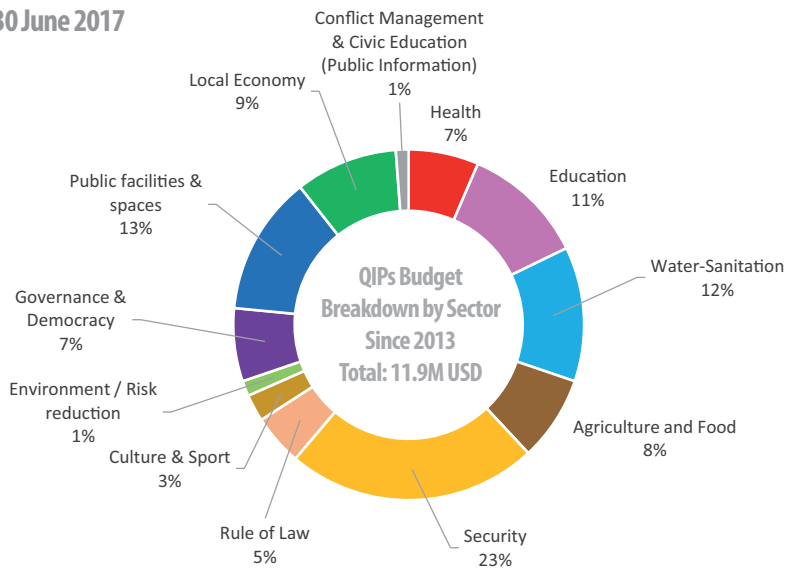
(*Cadre stratégique pour la Relance économique et le Développement Durable - CREDD*). The CREDD is the single reference document used as a national development strategy for Mali. The workshop saw the participation of many members of the Government and of the donor community. According to the implementation report for the first year, poverty continues to affect one Malian out of two, at 46.8% in 2016 (47.2% in 2015), despite the economic growth observed in 2014, 2015 and 2016.

Financed by MINUSMA, Quick Impact Projects (QIPs) are community micro projects. These projects have a maximum cost of 50,000 USD and a maximum 6-months duration, in the areas of services and small public infrastructures rehabilitation, training and awareness-raising activities, employment and revenue

creation. They must have both a quick and long lasting effect meeting priority needs of the population and aim at building confidence towards the peace process, the Mission and its mandate.

These projects benefit mainly to northern regions and support requests from the Malian Government, international and national NGOs, international agencies and civil society. All projects are executed through local partners and businesses.

On 30 June 2017



Projects' highlights

1. Sigi Te Mogo Son Center, which means in Bambara: "Nothing's earned sitting down", is aptly named. In a Saturday morning midway through Ramadan, members of the Mopti association are working hard, some around tanks preparing of soap, those applying clay to ochre fabric to produce *bogolan*; and others cutting leather to make shoes. Thanks to a Quick Impact Project sponsored by the MINUSMA Human Rights and Protection Division in Mopti, the center found the necessary resources to pursue its mission, and guarantee its members employment and essential revenues.

For more information (in French):

<http://bit.ly/2v38IS9>

Photos: <http://bit.ly/2tFVbjQ> ►



2. On 14 June, MINUSMA Gao Regional Office laid the foundation stone of the Quick Impact Project for the **creation of a dyeing center for Djidara women**. Planned for a 4-months duration and funded for 45,317.39 USD, this initiative contributes to promote social cohesion, while strengthening economic resilience of Djidara families.

For more information (in French):

<http://bit.ly/2tZCpXb>

3. On 16 June, MINUSMA proceeded to the official launch of 2 QIPs supporting the rehabilitation and provision of medical and non-medical equipment in the benefit of the **Etambar Community Health Center** (Kidal region).

For a global budget of 85,000 USD, these projects are funded by MINUSMA, through its Civil Affairs Division. In their implementation, both projects will create 10 jobs in complement of the technicians from IEDA Relief, partner NGO, and will benefit directly to 7,000 inhabitants of the locality.

For more information (in French):

<http://bit.ly/2sWJw2X>

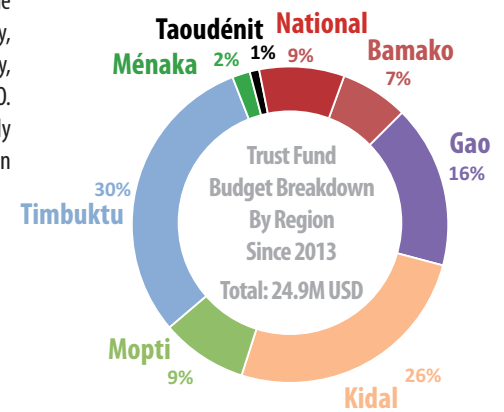
4. On 23 June, MINUSMA officially launched a **QIP in support of socio-economic integration of 110 women and girls in Ber** (Timbuktu region). Sponsored by the Human Rights and Protection Division for a budget worth 46,610.16 USD, the project will allow income-generating opportunities such as small commerce, handicraft and local agricultural products transformation in favor of most vulnerable women.

For more information (in French):

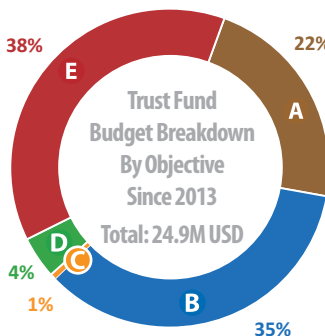
<http://bit.ly/2vf4ckr>

The UN Trust Fund in support of Peace and Security in Mali was created at the request of the Security Council (SC resolution 2085 (2012)). Member States can contribute earmarked and/or non-earmarked funds to the Fund, which aims to provide vital support to the Malian Defence and Security Forces (MDSF), assist the Malian Government in its efforts to ensure lasting peace and the return of State Authority and constitutional order, and support critical development and humanitarian interventions contributing to the immediate and long-term efforts by the international community to resolve the crisis in Mali.

It is supported by voluntary contributions from the following donors: Australia, Canada, Denmark, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Switzerland, Turkey, the United Kingdom and UN DOCO. The Fund's budget currently amounts to approximately 31.3 million USD, of which some 80 per cent has been attributed to projects.



E Immediate and long-term efforts to resolve the crisis in Mali



A Restoration of Constitutional Order, National Unity and Support for Elections

On 30 June 2017

B Return of State Authority, Rule of Law and DDR-SSR

D Equipment and Logistical Support to Malian Defence and Security Forces (MDSF)

C Capacity building of Malian Security Forces (MSF)

New contributions

1. On 9 June, the Embassy of **Denmark** in Bamako signed a new contribution agreement of 8.4 million USD to the Trust Fund in Support of Peace and Security in Mali. This new contribution will fund projects in support of conflict-affected communities in the North and Center of Mali with a focus on reduction of inter and intracommunity tensions. For more information (in French): <http://bit.ly/2sGD9g8>



2. On 13 June, the SRSB and the Permanent Representative of **Italy** to the UN signed a new contribution agreement to the Trust Fund. This 545,000 USD contribution is earmarked for projects in support of improving security in the north and countering cross-border threats. For more information (in French): <http://bit.ly/2tZxp4U>



Newly approved projects

1. Rehabilitation of the protective dike against flooding around Tessalit (Kidal region)

This project was developed following a DDR Section-led mission in Tessalit in November 2016 during which the population shared concerns regarding the

flooding risk due to the damaged dike. Its extension and rehabilitation will therefore significantly improve the security of people and goods while safeguarding farming activities and ensuring better hygiene conditions. The project was requested by the *Mairie*

de Tessalit and the *Direction Régionale du Génie Rural*, and will be implemented by NGO AFORD. Budget: approx. 169,169 USD. Funded through the contribution of Denmark Sponsor in MINUSMA: DDR Section in Kidal

To deal with the political, institutional and security crisis that deeply destabilized Mali since 2012, the Malian Government and the United Nations System in Mali resorted to the Peacebuilding Fund (PBF) in order to support peacebuilding and reconciliation. The Government of Mali submitted an eligibility request to the Peacebuilding Support Office (PBSO) on 24th of February 2014 which was approved by Secretary-General of the United Nations on 2nd of April 2014.

In this context, the intervention of the PBF programme in Mali represents in its first phase 12.4 million USD, of which 12.1 have been attributed to 5 projects undertaken by UN agencies and MINUSMA. A Steering Committee oversees the whole programme and gathers the Malian Government, the civil society, international donors and the United Nations. The remaining 0.3 million USD goes to the Steering Committee Support Office. The 5 projects were implemented from January 2015 to June 2016 and 3 of them (*) have been granted extensions between January and March 2017.

On 30 February 2017



1 Education project for peacebuilding in the north of Mali (*)
UNICEF

The agency and its partners implement a speed school strategy for not attending and out-of-school children. Fora for inclusive community dialogue are also set up for social cohesion at school, within the family and community.



2 Support to capacity-building in conflict resilience for women and youth in Gao and Timbuktu regions (*)
UNDP, UNIDO

This joint project accompanies national reconciliation and dialog promotion creating economic opportunities in favor of vulnerable women and at-risk youths.



3 Confidence-building through support to the Cantonment process
UNOPS

Operations strengthen mutual trust between peace agreement signatories and favor security climate appeasement. Rooting of the disarmament process in the country goes through fighters' cantonment, among other steps. UNOPS is in charge of the construction and management of camps intended for this purpose.



4 Solutions for a sustainable and peaceful reintegration of internally displaced people (IDPs) and repatriated refugees in Gao and Timbuktu regions
IOM, UNHCR

This project consists in providing IDPs and repatriated refugees access to basic social services and reinforcing peaceful cohabitation between local communities in a climate of increased trust in the peace process.



5 Programme for a better access to justice and security for women victims of SGBV in the peacebuilding process in Mali (*)
UN Women, UNFPA, MINUSMA

Both agencies and the Mission assist SGBV victims facilitating access to justice and holistic care. The project also supports capacity-building of care services and judicial system in terms of SGBV.

